

This half term in year 3, we will be reading Eric Fan and F. H. Terry.



Key knowledge and skills	Key vocabulary
Science	DL -++
	Photosynthesis Pollen
This half term we will be learning about plants.	
Many plants, but not all, have roots, stems/trunks, leaves and flowers/blossom.	insect/wind pollination
The roots absorb water and nutrients from the soil and anchor the plant in	seed formation
place.	seed dispersal (wind dispersal,
The stem transports water and nutrients/minerals around the plant and holds	animal dispersal, water
the leaves and flowers up in the air to enhance photosynthesis, pollination and seed dispersal.	dispersal)
The leaves use sunlight and water to produce the plant's food.	
Some plants produce flowers which enable the plant to reproduce. Pollen, which	
is produced by the male part of the flower, is transferred to the female part of	
other flowers (pollination). This forms seeds, sometimes contained in berries or	
fruits which are then dispersed in different ways.	
Different plants require different conditions for germination and growth.	
Computing	Slide
The focus will be on, presenting information using PowerPoint.	Presentation
To understand the uses of PowerPoint.	Slideshow
To create a page in a presentation.	Media
To add media to a presentation.	Transition
To add animations to a presentation.	WordArt
To add timings to a presentation.	Text box
To use the skills learnt to design and create an engaging presentation.	Font formatting
History - The Romans	Conquer
The Romans came from Italy in Europe.	Invade
Claudius was a famous Roman emperor who led an invasion of Britain.	Empire
The Roman army was powerful by AD42.	Aqueduct
The Romans invented aqueducts.	Road
They had running water and drains. Rich people heated their houses.	Heating
Middlewich is a Roman town. Its Roman name was Salinae and they settled	Tunic
here for the salt they could produce.	Shield
	Helmet
	Armour
	Salinae



Geography - Human and Physical Geography	Human feature
Aerial photography is the taking of photographs from above.	Physical feature
An OS map is an Ordnance survey.	Ariel
OS maps show the human and physical features of an area.	Мар
There are 8 points to a compass.	Local
The local area has many human and physical features.	Symbols
PSHE - Relationships	Partnership
A relationship is when people are connected by blood (family),	Family relations
marriage/partnership or emotional (friendship).	Relationship
All relationships are unique and they can look different to each other.	
French - Different Foods	Une tranche de pastèque -
We often add "s" at the end of the word in French to make the noun a plural	grapes
word e.g. une pomme/ deux pommes.	Une poire- pear
Sound spelling	Une orange - orange
"omme"	Une carotte - carrot
"oi"	Une tomate – tomato
"on"	Une grappe de raisin
"ais"	Une pêche – peach
"aît"	Une banana – banana
	Une pomme-apple
	Je voudrais- I would like
	Merci- thank you
	S'il vous pla ît-Please
Music - Adapting and Transposing Motifs	Backing track
Musical motifs (repeating patterns) are used as a building block in many well-	Beat bass line
known pieces of music for example, Beethoven's fifth symphony (dah dah dah	Compose crotchet
duml)	Dotted minim flats
'Transposing' a melody means changing its key, making it higher or lower	Graphic notation
pitched.	Key signature loop
A motif can be adapted by changing the notes, the rhythm or the order of notes.	Lyrics minim
	Motif notation
	Ostinato pitch
	Quavers riff